

Statutory Guidance on Overview and Scrutiny in Local and Combined Authorities

## Annex 1: Illustrative Scenario – Creating an Executive-Scrutiny Protocol

An executive-scrutiny protocol can deal with the practical expectations of scrutiny committee members and the executive, as well as the cultural dynamics.

Workshops with scrutiny members, senior officers and Cabinet can be helpful to inform the drafting of a protocol. An external facilitator can help bring an independent perspective.

Councils should consider how to adopt a protocol, e.g. formal agreement at scrutiny committee and Cabinet, then formal integration into the Council's constitution at the next Annual General Meeting.

The protocol, as agreed, may contain sections on:

- The way scrutiny will go about developing its work programme (including the ways in which senior officers and Cabinet members will be kept informed);
- The way in which senior officers and Cabinet will keep scrutiny informed of the
  outlines of major decisions as they are developed, to allow for discussion of
  scrutiny's potential involvement in policy development. This involves the building in
  of safeguards to mitigate risks around the sharing of sensitive information with
  scrutiny members;
- A strengthening and expansion of existing parts of the code of conduct that relate to behaviour in formal meetings, and in informal meetings;
- Specification of the nature and form of responses that scrutiny can expect when it
  makes recommendations to the executive, when it makes requests to the executive
  for information, and when it makes requests that Cabinet members or senior
  officers attend meetings; and
- Confirmation of the role of the statutory scrutiny officer, and Monitoring Officer, in
  overseeing compliance with the protocol, and ensuring that it is used to support the
  wider aim of supporting and promoting a culture of scrutiny, with matters relating to
  the protocol's success being reported to full Council through the scrutiny Annual
  Report.